IOT Climate Sensor Development for HVAC Efficiency Analysis

By: Gray Simmons and Kevin Leach



Members

Undergraduate Researchers

Gray Simmons, Project Lead

- 4th Year Undergrad
- Aerospace Engineering
- Macon, Georgia

Kevin Leach

• 4th Year

- Aerospace Engineering
- Anchorage, Alaska





Supervisors

Dr. Jung-Ho Lewe

ASDL Research Engineer

Research Assistants

Dounya Jarrad

- 2nd Year Undergrad
- Aerospace Engineering
- Duluth, Georgia







Background

Motivation

 Create indoor and outdoor air quality sensors that are capable of taking accurate measurements to verify the existing measurement systems within our buildings.

• Our Goals

- Determine the accuracy of existing systems
- Determine the change in air quality when entering a building
- Predict how systems will respond to changes
- Low-cost and portable







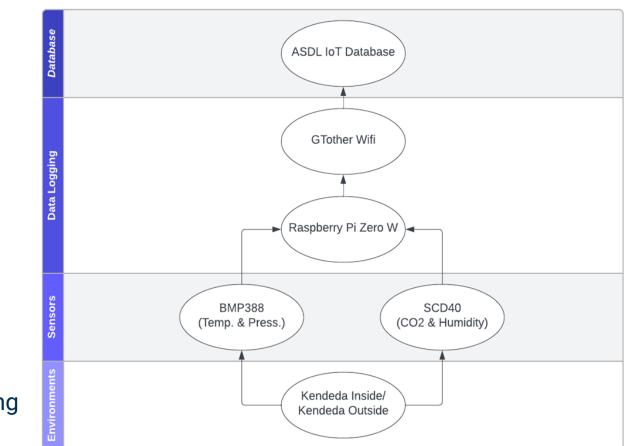
Approach

What should be measured?

- CO₂
- Humidity
- Temperature
- Pressure

How will data be recorded?

- Raspberry pi
 - Wifi enabled
 - Data recorded 4 times every hour
 - Plots created to compare IAQ, OAQ, and existing systems data





Outdoor Air Quality Sensor

Sensors

Requirements

- Aesthetics
- Eternal Power
- Accurate

Design Specifications and Challenges

- 3D printed sensor housing
- Raspberry Pi
 - BMP388
 - SCD40

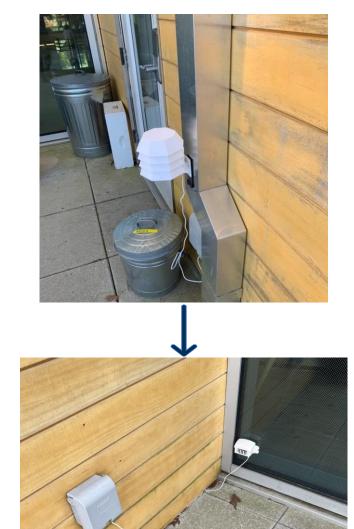
Background

- Durable
- Waterproof

- Power
- Mounting

Data Analysis

Results



Future

Changes



Indoor Air Quality Sensor

Requirements

- Small and Non-intrusive
- Constant Power
- Accurate

Design Specifications and Challenges

- 3D printed sensor housing
- Raspberry Pi
 - BMP388
 - SCD40
- Heat from Raspberry Pi







Sensor Verifications

Verification

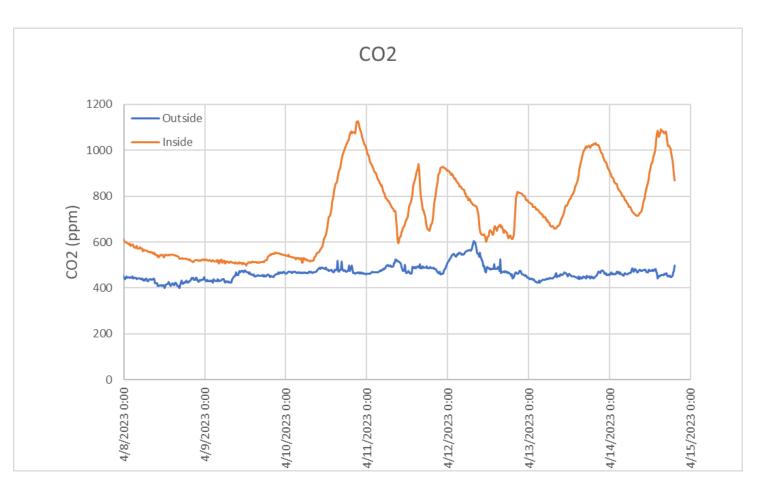
- Accuracy
- Durability
- Waterproofing





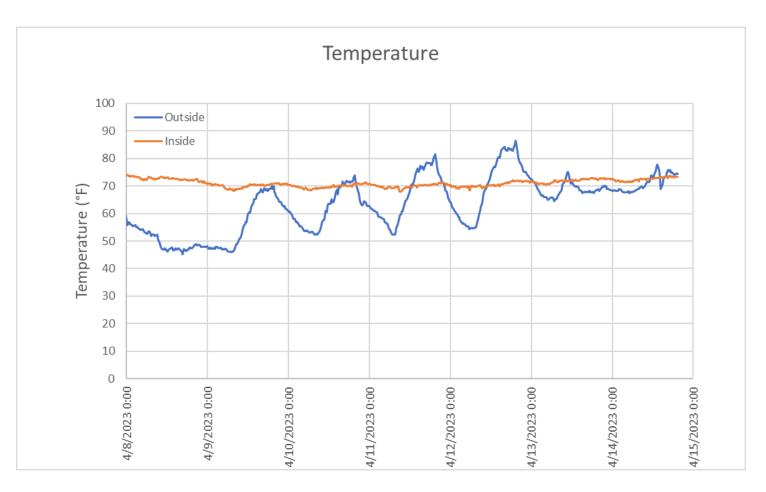


Measurement: CO2



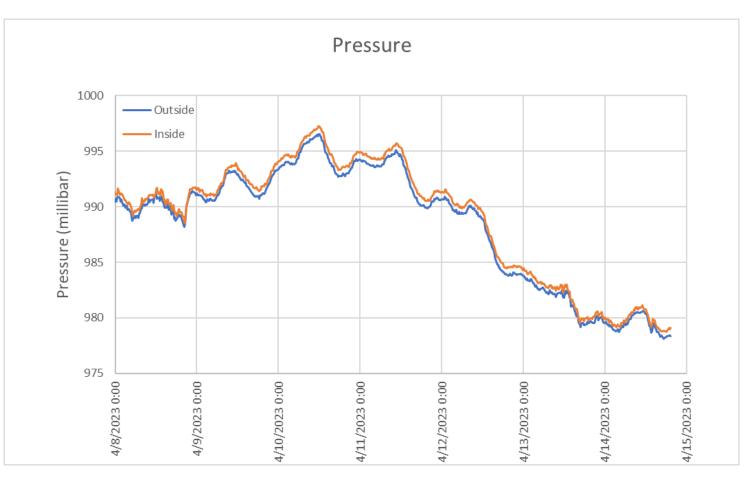


Measurements: Temperature



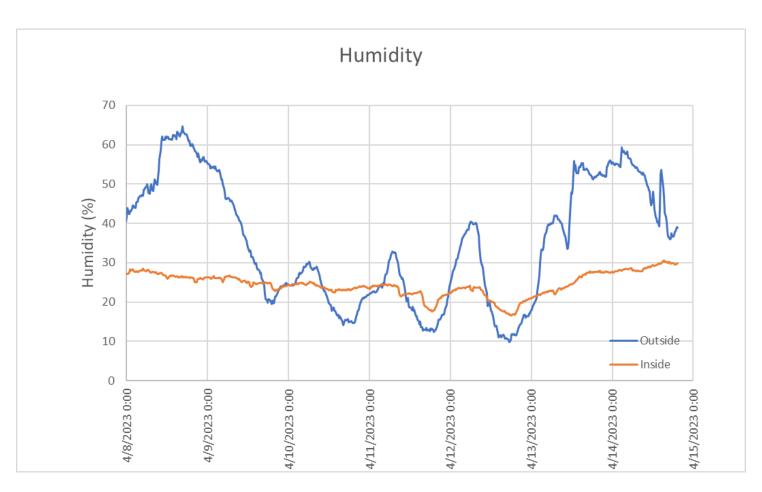


Measurement: Pressure





Measurements: Relative Humidity



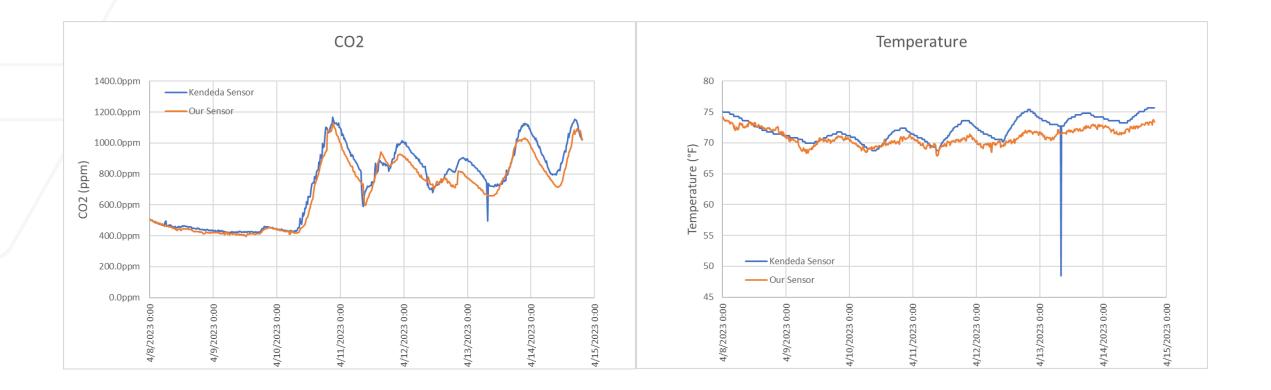


Existing Systems Validation Data





Existing Systems Validation Data





Results

First Phase Goals Achieved

- Produced a low profile, affordable, portable device to measure CO2, temperature, pressure, and humidity
- Verified sensor self-reliability
- Tested sensor accuracy
- Gathered data that can be used to evaluate HVAC performance

Second Phase Goals to Achieve

- Streamline the process of deployment
- Update sensor systems
- Deploy sensors to other building around campus



Attempts at Alternative Power Generation

PV panels were tested to offer an alternative option for power supply for the OAQ sensor package.

Requirements

- A PV panel large enough to supply sufficient power
- A battery to store gathered power
- A sensor housing with space to fit the PV panel and the battery

Design Specifications and Struggles

• The sensor profile would be larger than our previous design goals



Potential Future Changes

Future Updates

- Cellular Data rather than Wi-Fi
- Battery powered
- Solar power recharging
- More Accurate Sensors



