# Prototyping Geothermal Energy Recovery for Space Heating and Cooling

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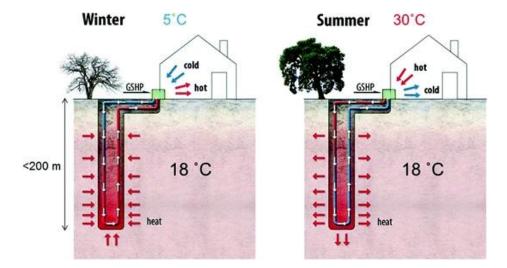


### Introduction

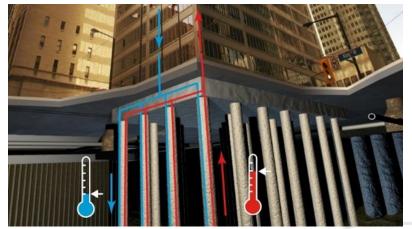
- Why geothermal
  - Geothermal energy: heat from the earth
  - An alternative energy of fossil fuels
  - Can be cheaper
  - More environmentally friendly
  - Renewable
- Use cases

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- Space heating and cooling
- De-icing (for bridges)
- Hot water production
- Thermal energy storage



https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-981-10-7326-7\_18



actu.epfl.ch/news/a-new-research-project-on-the-performance-of-energ/



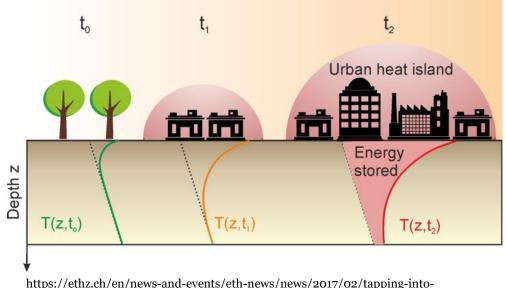
## Challenge

### Underground heat island

- Constantly injecting heat into underground
- Negative effects in tarnishing groundwater and increased energy use

### Ground heat depletion

- Average subsurface temperatures decrease (increase), as a result of constantly removing (injecting) heat from (into) the soil
- The geothermal system gradually become less efficient



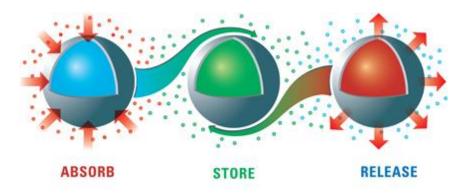
https://ethz.ch/en/news-and-events/eth-news/news/2017/02/tapping-intounderground-urban-heat-islands.html



## Solution to Ground Heat Depletion – EPCM

- EPCM: Encapsulated phase change materials (paraffin)
  - High melting heat that can be released or stored via solidification and melting processes
  - Chemically stable, low subcooling, nontoxicity
  - To alleviate temperature fluctuations and provide temperature regulation for the soil during extended periods of heat movement







## **Experiments: Sand + EPCM**

#### Specimen:

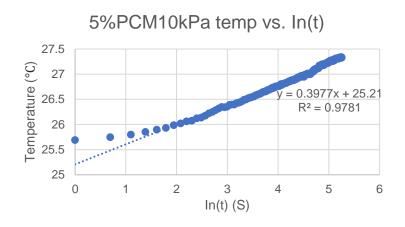
- Ottawa 20/30 sands (Pure Quartz)
- EPCM with melting temp of 18°C
- Vol fraction of EPCM:
  - 0%
  - 2.5%
  - 5%
  - 10%

### Methods:

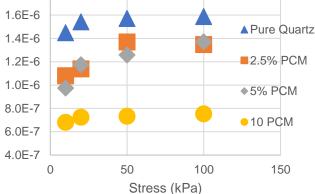




#### **Results:**

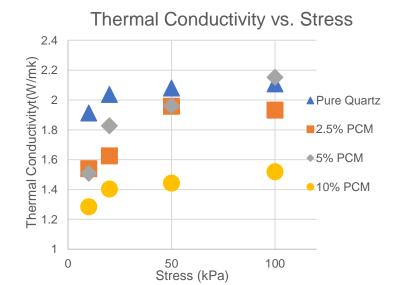


### Thermal Diffusivity vs. Stress

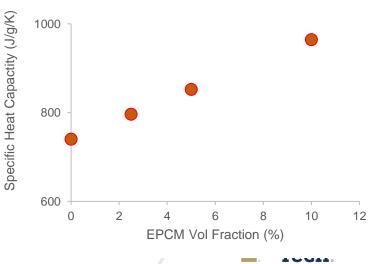


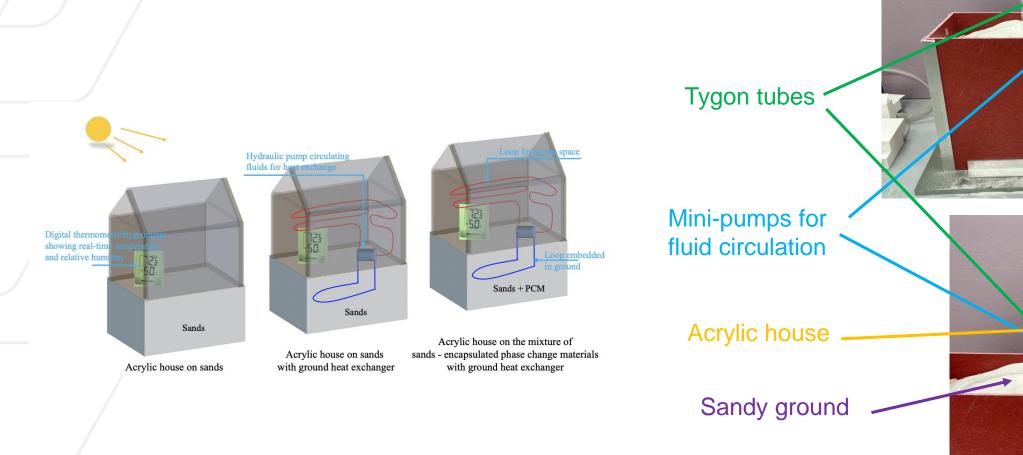
1.8E-6

Thermal Diffusivity (m^2/s)



#### Heat Capacity vs. EPCM Content



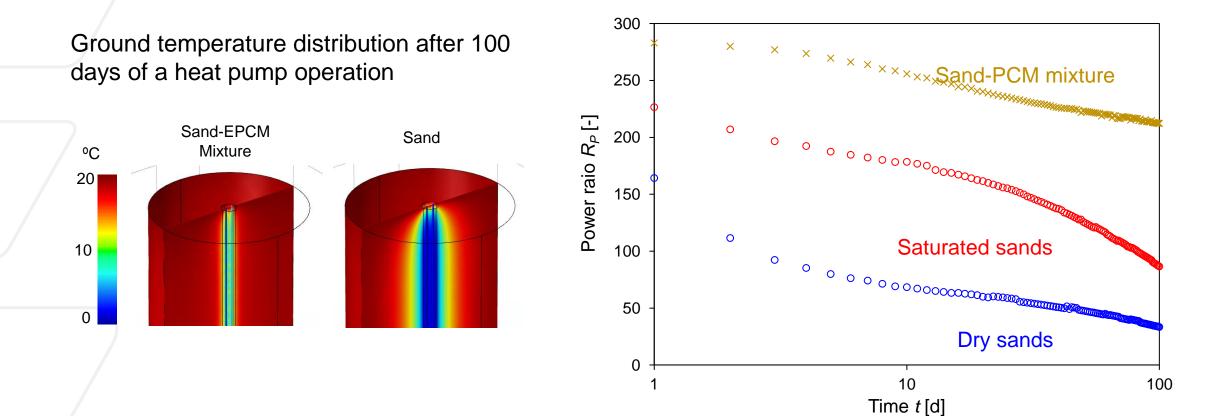


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### **Prototype Model**

### **Numerical Results**



Georgia Tech

### Conclusions

- Geothermal is the heat energy from the earth. It can be used for space heating and cooling. It's a sustainable, greener and efficient energy resource.
- Long-term utilization of geothermal energy can lead to ground heat depletion that will lower the geothermal recovery efficiency and impose subsurface heat island effects.
- Using encapsulated phase change materials to improve the thermal properties of the ground can address the ground heat depletion issue.

